



The Impact of BREXIT on Smartphone Patent Wars and other IP Issues

Bali, October 9th, 2016

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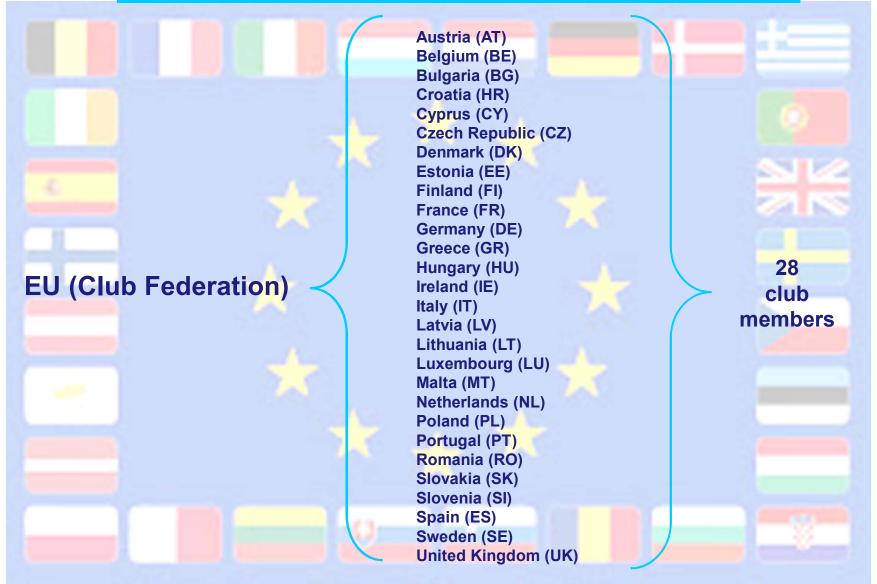
What does BREXIT mean?

- BR (Britain) EXITS (the European Union)
- "It means leaving the European Union". Davis (British Secretary of State of the Department for Exiting the EU)





What is the European Union in Brief (I)





What is the European Union in Brief (II)

Each Country has:

- Executive body: Government.
- Legislative body: Parliament.
- Judicial body: Courts.

They have agreed to:

- Accept to have common rules on certain aspects:
 - Treaties
 - EU Regulations
- Harmonise certain National Laws in some aspects:
 - EU Directives
- Accept the supremacy of the CJEU Interpretation on EU Legislation.

What is the European Union in Brief (III)

- An econmic & political union between 28 countries
- Started as a purely economic union that has evolved to policy areas as:
 - Climate
 - ✓ Environment
 - ✓ Health
 - External Relations
 - Security
 - ✓ Justice
 - Migration



What is the European Union in Brief (IV)

Bodies:

- ✓ European Parliament: legislative, supervisory & budgetary responsibilities
- ✓ European Council:
 - Heads of State
 - European Commision President
 - High Representative for Foreign Affairs Security Policy

Role:
Defines the general
political direction and
priorities of EU

✓ Council of EU:

- Government Ministers for EU country, according to policy area to be discussed
- Voice of EU member governments, adopting EU Laws and coordinating policies
- European Commission
- Court of Justice of the EU
 - Applying European Law: Interpretation of EU Directives
 - Decisions on European rights i.e.: EUTM's, CD's, etc.

- European Central Bank
- European Union Agencies:
 - EUIPO
 - EMA (European Medicines Agency)
 - Etc
- Etc





What has happened?

- On June 23rd, 2016 British citizens voted in a referendum 51,9% v 48,1% to leave the EU.
- This does not automatically mean that the UK will leave the EU.
- The British Government must first, formally notify the EU, it's country wishes to withdraw from the EU.
- This notice will trigger negotiations for an exit agreement
- The agreement can be concluded at any time within a two year period following the notice
- The negotiation period can last longer, provided there is a unanimous agreement.
- If no agreement, UK exits without agreement





What will happen?

- Nobody knows.
- Some possibities:
 - UK Notifies EXIT: Leaves with agreement
 - Leaves without agreement

Uk leaves EU

- UK Organises a new Referendum => <u>Depends of result</u>
- UK does not notify EXIT => UK remains in EU
- If UK does not leave EU => IP situation does not change.
- If UK leaves => IP situation will depend of:
 - Agreement conditions
 - UK Government decisions



Impact of UK Exit EU on IP (I)

IP Unitary Rights:

- Trade Marks
- Designs
- Plant Varieties
- European Patents with Unitary effect (not yet in force)
- Gl's (geographical indications)

Will cease to exist in UK

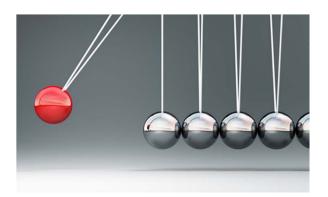


Impact of UK Exit EU on IP (II)

Rights Introduced by EU directives:

- Trade Marks
- Designs
- Copyrights
- Trade Secrets
- SPC's (supplementary protection Certificate)

Will also disappear and it will be up to the UK to amend National Legislation to cover such rights



Patents

- European Patents unaffected:
 - EPC is an international Treaty, not a EU legislation
- European patents with unitary effect (EPUE):
 - Will not cover UK
- UPC (Unified Patent Court):
 - EPUE
 - Classic European Patents



UPC (I)

- Planned Timetable for Implementation:
 - January 2017: Appointment of Judges
 - February 2017: Germany and UK lodge their instruments of ratification

May 2017: Start date

After BREXIT unrealistic





UPC (II)

- UK ratifies UPC before leaving EU:
 - UPC enters into force.
 - UPC Agreement is amended so a UPC member will not loose its status if it leaves EU.
 - UPC new protocol providing extension of EPUE to UK.
 - Current Interpretations of CJEU opinion 01/09 is that UK could not participate in UPC if leaves the EU.
 - UPC Agreement cannot be ratified without amendment of all MS.
 - Doubtful that provisional application of UPC will happen without amendment.

EU Trade Marks & Designs

- If UK leaves EU, will no longer cover UK
- UK could establish legislation to:
 - Convert EU rights into UK application or registration.
- UK:
- In EEA: UK National Legislation will remain unchanged and CJEU jurisprudence will become advisory opinions of EFTA Court
- Not EEA: UK no longer bound by EU Directives and CJEU Jurisprudence



Impact on Smartphone Patent Wars





- Smartphone companies will have to protect UK as any other non EU European Market (CH, NO, ECT).
- On Patent protection not much will change, since UK will remain an EPC country.
- On Patent enforcement, depending on negotiations, it might not be possible to obtain Patent injuctions on UK, through UPC.



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